COURSE OUTLINE

(1) **GENERAL**

SCHOOL	School of Engineering			
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Naval Architecture			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate			
COURSE CODE	NAOME1325		SEMESTER	4 °
COURSE TITLE	SHIP RESISTANCE – PROPULSION – SHIP HYDRODYNAMICS			
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS (ECTS)	
Lectures		4	5	
COURSE TYPE general background, specialbackground, specialised general knowledge, skills development		Specialised		
PREREQUISITE CO	OURSES:			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:		Greek		
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS		Yes (English)		
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)		https://eclass.uniwa.gr/courses/NA200/		

(2) COURSE GOALS / LEARNING OUTCOMES

The main goal of the course is to provide students with basic knowledge of ship resistance and propulsion evaluation. In particular the course examines the fluid dynamic mechanisms which control the flow around the hull creating resistance, the experimental techniques for measuring resistance components, the methods for predicting resistance using systematic series, the estimation of ship propulsive power, the powering process and propeller selection.

(3) COURSE CONTENT / SYLLABUS

- Phenomenological methods, Linear wave theory
- Ship resistance, Resistance components, Coherence resistance, Pressure resistance, Friction resistance, Wave resistance and related theories.
- Ship resistance prediction based on systematic series
- Calculation of ship resistance using the FORMDATA method and the Lap-Keller method
- Similarity theory, Dimensional analysis
- Experimental determination of resistance, Froude experimental method
- Ship propulsion, Propeller geometry, Propeller operation, Propeller hull interaction factors

• Propeller systematic series, Propeller cavitation, Selection of marine propulsion machinery systems, Propeller – Engine matching

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	 Use of ICT in teaching. Communication with students and support of learning procedure through the electronic e-class platform. 		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Workload (hours)	
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures	52	
described in detail.	Exercises / fieldwork	13	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork study and analysis of hibliography	Study and analysis of	78	
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art	bibliography		
workshop, interactive teaching, educational			
visits, project, essay writing, artistic			
The student's study hours for each learning			
activity are given as well as the hours of non-			
directed study according to the principles of			
the ECIS	Course total	143	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE			
EVALUATION	Evaluation:		
Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation,	Written examination (100%) including problem		
summative or conclusive, multiple choice	solving, short-answer questions etc		
questionnaires, short-answer questions, open- ended auestions, problem solving, written work			
essay/report, oral examination, public			
presentation, laboratory work, clinical			
examination of patient, art interpretation, other			

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Larsson L. and Raven C. H., 2010, Principles of Naval Architecture Series: Ship Resistance and Flow, Soc. Naval Architects & Marine Eng. (SNAME)
- Bertram, A:, 2012, Practical Ship Hydrodynamics, 2nd Edition, Butterworth-Heinemann
- Lothar Birk, 2019, Fundamentals of Ship Hydrodynamics: Fluid Mechanics, Ship Resistance and Propulsion, Willey
- Rawson, K.J. and Tupper, E.C., 2001, Basic Ship Theory, Volume 2, Butterworth-Heinemann
- Harvald, S, 1983, Resistance and propulsion of ships, Wiley
- Lewis, EV (Ed), 1989, Principles of Naval Architecture, vol. 2: Resistance & Propulsion, Vibration, vol. 3: motion in waves, controllability, Soc. Naval Architects & Marine Eng. (SNAME)
- Lewandowski, E.M., 2004, The dynamics of marine craft (maneuvering and seakeeping), World Scientific